

2025 Pipeline Safety Conference IUC Gas Inspector Presentation

# Outline

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Safety Moment
- 3. Preparation for Inspections
- 4. Common Probable Violations (PVs)
  - a. 49 CFR 192.147(a)
  - b. 49 CFR 192.355(b)(2)
  - c. 49 CFR 192.357(a)
  - d. 49 CFR 192.455(a)
  - e. 49 CFR 192.481(b)
  - f. 49 CFR 192.481(c)
- 5. Responses to Inspection Reports
- 6. Questions



# Safety Moment

#### **Gas Inspection Safety**

- Minimize vehicles in the inspection "convoy"
- Be mindful of traffic when stopping at TBS/DRS or any facilities along busy roadways
- Practice situational awareness be aware of your surroundings
- Hi-Vis vests and other PPE





# **Preparation for Inspections**

#### Before the inspection begins...

☑ Review the program(s) to be inspected

Ask for the question set, if needed

☑ Get the right people in the room knowledgeable about the system and program(s) to answer questions

☑ Have records, procedures, O&M, OQ, One Call responses, or program materials readily available for review



#### Common Probable Violations (PVs)



"Short Bolts"

§192.147 Flanges and Flange Accessories.

(a) Each flange or flange accessory (other than cast iron) must meet the minimum requirements of ASME/ANSI B16.5, ANSI/MSS SP-44, or the equivalent.



Example of short bolts identified in 2024 inspection

- Why do short bolts matter? For pipeline components to function *as designed*, they must be installed *as designed*.
- Stud bolt length requirements are dictated by standards incorporated by reference
- Typically two threads showing past the hex nut for tapered threads
- Refer to O&M or manufacturers' specifications



#### Before and After...





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#### Before and After...





"Vent Location"

§192.355 Customer meters and regulators: Protection from damage

(b) Service regulator vents and relief vents must terminate outdoors, and the outdoor terminal must -

(2) Be located at a place where gas from the vent can escape freely into the atmosphere and away from any opening into the building



Example of vent near window

- What's wrong with a vent by a building opening?
  - If relief activates, the gas may vent into or accumulate inside the structure, creating a hazardous environment
  - Refer to O&M for acceptable distance from building opening - typically 3 feet
- "Escape freely into the atmosphere"?
  - If gas becomes trapped or contained, it may cause an accumulation of gas above the lower explosive limit (LEL)
  - Decks and other structures may prevent gas from venting freely away from buildings



If this relief opens, can the gas vent freely to atmosphere?

#### Before and After...





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#### Before and After...







"Stressed Pipe"

- §192.357 Customer meters and regulators: Installation
  - (a) Each meter and each regulator must be installed so as to minimize anticipated stresses upon the connecting pipe and the meter.



Example of stressed meter piping

- What's wrong with stressed pipe?
  - Additional strain on metal piping can degrade strength over time
  - $\circ$  Uneven wear
  - Additional stress and strain on fittings, increased potential for leaks or other issues
- Culprits
  - Ground movement
  - Vibrations
  - Time
  - Lacking pipe supports



Example of stressed meter piping

#### Before and After...





#### Before and After...





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"Buried Crimp"

§192.455 External corrosion control: Buried or submerged pipelines installed after July 31, 1971

- (a) With limited exceptions, each buried or submerged pipeline installed after July 31, 1971, must be protected against external corrosion, including the following"
  - (1) ... external protective coating
  - (2) ...cathodic protection system installed and placed in operation within one year after completion of construction



Example of buried anodeless riser crimp identified in 2024 inspection

- What's wrong with a buried crimp?
  - For anodeless risers, the steel portion directly above the crimp is buried and is **not** properly protected against external corrosion
- Creation of an isolated segment that would require cathodic protection
- Culprits: landscaping, accumulation of debris in protective sleeves, buried over time



Example of buried crimp identified in 2024 inspection

#### Before and After...





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#### Before and After...





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#### Before and After...





#### Before and After...





"Coating and Wrap Issues"

§192.481 Atmospheric corrosion control: Monitoring.

(b) During inspections the operator must give particular attention to pipe at *soil-to-air interfaces,* under thermal insulation, *under disbonded coatings,* at pipe supports, in splash zones, at deck penetrations, and in spans over water.



Example of damaged wrap at soil-to-air interface

- What's wrong with a bad wrap or coating?
  - Not protecting bare steel from elements that lead to atmospheric corrosion
  - Could allow moisture to become trapped or to pool, creating a corrosion cell and ultimately metal loss if not remediated
- Culprits: Manufacturer coating peeling or chipping, general wear and tear over time, external damage, UV degradation



Example of damaged coating identified in 2024 inspection

#### Before and After...







#### Before and After...





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"Atmospheric Corrosion Inspections"

§192.481 Atmospheric corrosion control: Monitoring.

(b) During inspections, give particular attention to pipe at soil-to-air interfaces, *under thermal insulation, under disbonded coatings, at pipe supports, in splash zones, at deck penetrations, and in spans over water.* 



Example of Pipe Support

During Atmospheric Corrosion inspections or surveys, pay attention to...

- Soil-to-Air Interface:
  - Moisture/electrolytes from soil contribute to corrosion cell
- Thermal Insulation and Disbonded Coatings:
  - Moisture accumulates against pipe wall and cannot dissipate, creating corrosion cell
- Pipe Supports:
  - Potentially dissimilar metals
  - Point of contact can create corrosion cell
- Spans Over Water:
  - Bridge supports can cause issues similar to other pipe supports



Inspect Under Insulation



Bridge Support



**Disbonded Coating** 

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Inspect Soil-to-Air Interface?



Inspect Soil-to-Air Interface?

#### Before and After...





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#### Before and After...





"Active Corrosion"

§192.481 Atmospheric corrosion control: Monitoring.

(c) If atmospheric corrosion is found during an inspection, the operator must provide protection against the corrosion as required by §192.479.



Metal Loss on Service Valve

- Atmospheric Corrosion Issues:
  - Metal loss, like pitting, impacts integrity of pipeline or pipeline component
  - If metal loss is significant, MAOP may need to be lowered
- Culprits:
  - Dissimilar metals (pipe supports, for example)
  - Soil-to-air interface
  - Moisture accumulation under insulation, wraps
  - Pressure cut creating temperature drop and condensation
  - Time



Example of atmospheric corrosion at meter set





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#### Before and After...





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#### Before and After...





# **Preventive Maintenance**

- Look for issues during your regular inspections
  - Atmospheric corrosion survey
  - Business District surveys
  - Patrols
- Keep things in good condition paint, wraps and coating, etc.
- Utilize forms and other tools in O&M
- Corrosive atmospheres
  - Know where they are from previous inspections
  - Do extra inspections if needed

IUC: Inspection Report and Notice Letter Operator: Inspection Response

#### IUC: Follow-up Report

- Filed in EFS email to Service List (Inspector can assist)
- Details of inspection findings
- Probable Violations
- Advisories
- Requirement to respond in EFS within 30 days of date of letter

IUC Customer Service 515-725-7300

- File in EFS within 30 days of Notice Letter
- Address each Probable
   Violation or Advisory
   separately, with a label
- Photos or other evidence of compliance
- Plans to become compliant, with reasonable timeline
- If responding to a unit inspection, include unit name in filing title

- Each outstanding Probable Violation or Advisory addressed
- Cleared no further action needed
- Cannot be Cleared pending further documentation or demonstration of compliance, etc.

#### What is a "Reasonable" Timeline to Address Issues?

- Field Issue: Typically within one construction season
- Records Issue: Dictated by record frequency
  - Example: Annual emergency valve maintenance and operation
- Communicate, in detail, if there are extenuating circumstances

#### Components of a GREAT Operator Response

AT 30 DAYS	INCLUDES	EXAMPLE
Probable Violation or Advisory has been resolved or addressed	<ul> <li>Description of how each probable violation or advisory was addressed</li> <li>Clear photo or record showing the work done to achieve compliance</li> </ul>	<i>PV 192.147(a):</i> Strickland Natural Gas replaced the flange bolts at DRS #2 on May 1, 2024, as shown in the attached photo.
Additional time is needed to correct issue	<ul> <li>Plan of Action: Description of <i>what</i> work is planned to address the issue</li> <li>Anticipated <i>date</i> for when work will be complete</li> <li>Follow-up with filing</li> </ul>	<i>PV 192.615(a)(2):</i> Strickland has scheduled a liaison meeting with local officials and emergency responders for April 1, 2025. Documentation will be filed in EFS within 30 days of the meeting.

#### Documentation should be clear and/or legible



#### Documentation should be clear and/or legible - before and after





#### Documentation and records should be legible

		Utility Name		
-h	VALVE INSPEC	TION & MAINTENANC	E LOG	
arve No				
DATE	FLEX	LUBE AMOUNT	BY	٦
DATE	FLEX V8 Twn	LUBE AMOUNT	ВҮ	
DATE 11/4/14 7/17/15	FLEX Vg Twon Vg Twon	LUBE AMOUNT	ВҮ	
DATE 11/4/14 7/17/15 7/13/16	FLEX Vg Twn Ys Turn Ys Turn	LUBE AMOUNT	BY	

#### Responses with more questions than answers:



What is the material of vent piping?

*Is the diameter sufficient to support full relief capacity?* 

Difficult to see the interconnect between the regulator vent and the piping to extend the relief away from the window and deck.

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#### Responses with more questions than answers:



Responses with more questions than answers:



Coating is still damaged?



Responses with more questions than answers:



Was the soil-to-air interface wrapped?

# Gas Program Resources

- Resources
  - GTI Energy
  - IAMU
  - o IUC
  - Paradigm
  - USDI
- Ultimately, the **gas operator** is responsible for the operation, maintenance, and understanding of its gas system in accordance with Part 192

### Questions?



### **Contact Information**



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